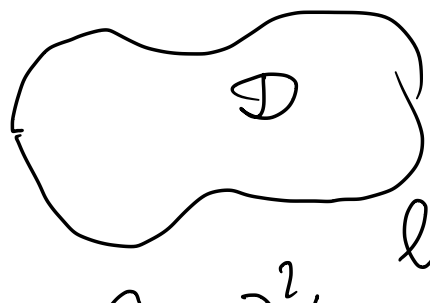


Semiclassical Asymptotics on Stratified Manifolds

Shallow water eq.



$$D(x) \in C^\infty(\mathbb{R}^2)$$

$$D(x) = 0 \text{ on } \partial D$$

$$\nabla D(x) \neq 0 \text{ on } \partial D$$

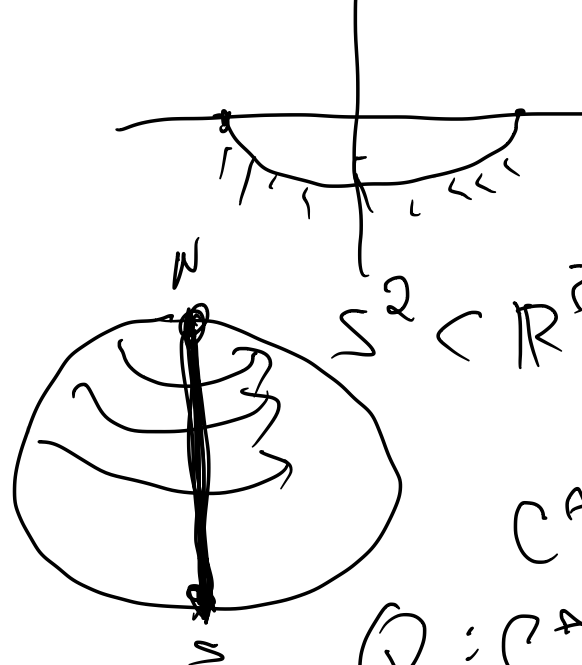
linear approx.

$$\begin{cases} -\frac{\partial^2 \eta}{\partial t^2} + \nabla(D(x)) \nabla \eta = 0 \\ \eta|_{t=0} = \eta_0 \\ \eta|_{t=0} = \eta_1 \end{cases}$$

surface elevation

$$x \in \mathbb{R}^2 \quad \left(-h^2 \Delta_x - \frac{1}{|\alpha|}\right) \psi = \lambda \psi \quad (\alpha = 0)$$

SWE $x \in [-1, 1]$ $D(x) = 1 - x^2$



$$P\eta = \lambda\eta$$

$$P = -\frac{d}{dx}(1-x^2)\frac{d}{dx}$$

$$S^2 \subset \mathbb{R}^3 \quad G = S^1$$

$$\mathbb{R} \setminus S^2 = [-1, 1]$$

$$C^\infty(S^2) \supset C^\infty(S^2)^G = C^\infty([-1, 1])$$

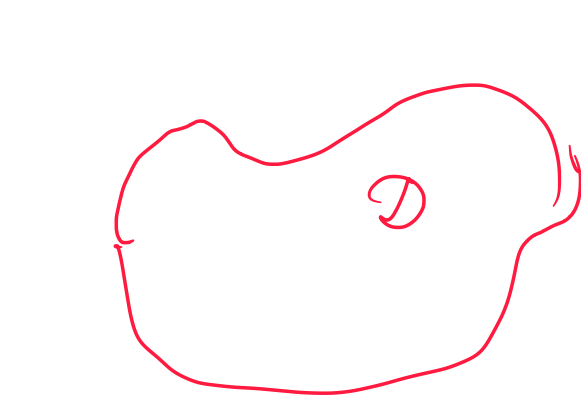
$$Q: C^\infty(S^2) \rightarrow C^\infty(S^2)$$

Q commutes with G -action

$$\tilde{Q}: C^\infty([-1, 1]) \supseteq$$

$$Q = -\Delta \quad \text{Laplace operator on } S^2$$

$$\tilde{Q} = P \quad \begin{cases} Q\psi = \lambda\psi \\ \psi \text{ is } G\text{-invariant} \end{cases}$$



$$\mathcal{D} = \mathbb{R}^2 \setminus M \quad \text{dis } M$$

$$\mathbb{R}^4 \ni (u_1, u_2, u_3, u_4)$$

$$z_1 = u_1 + iu_2, \quad z_2 = u_3 + iu_4$$

$$\mathbb{R}^4 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^3 \ni (x_1, x_2, x_3)$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} z_1 \\ z_2 \end{pmatrix} \mapsto \begin{pmatrix} z_1 \bar{z}_2 \\ |z_1|^2 - |z_2|^2 \end{pmatrix}$$

(restriction to S^3)

$$S^1: \mathbb{R}^4 \xrightarrow{S^3} S^2 \quad \text{Hopf bundle}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} z_1 \\ z_2 \end{pmatrix} \mapsto \begin{pmatrix} e^{i\varphi} z_1 \\ e^{i\psi} z_2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\left(-h^2 \Delta_x - \frac{1}{|\alpha|}\right) \psi = \lambda \psi$$

$$(*) \left(-h^2 |\alpha| \Delta_x - \lambda |\alpha|\right) \psi = \psi$$

$$\hat{P} = \frac{1}{4} \left(-h^2 \Delta_u - \lambda u^2\right)$$

General construction

M C^∞ manifold w/o b.

G compact Lie group

$$\mathcal{G}: M \ni (g, m) \mapsto gm$$

$X = G \backslash M$ free orbit space.

$$C^\infty(X) = (C^\infty(M))^G$$

$$H^s(X) = (H^s(M))^G$$

$$L^2(X) = (L^2(M))^G$$

$\mathcal{F}(X)$
general
funct.
space

$$(\hbar) \cdot \mathcal{F} \supseteq \hat{\mathcal{P}}: C^\infty(M) \supseteq \hat{\mathcal{P}} \text{ is } G\text{-invariant}$$

$$\hat{P} = \hat{\mathcal{P}}|_{C^\infty(X)} = \hbar \cdot \mathcal{F} \text{ on } X$$

$$\hat{P}\psi = \lambda\psi \quad \text{asymptotic solutions}$$

$$\hat{\mathcal{P}} = \mathcal{K}(x, -i\hbar \frac{\partial}{\partial x}) \quad (\hbar \rightarrow +0)$$

Maslov's canonical operator

$\mathcal{K}(\Lambda, d\mu)$ canonical operator

$$\Lambda \subset T^*M$$

gives G -invariant functions?

$\Lambda \subset T^*M$ Lagrangian manifold

$d\mu$ - volume form on Λ

$$K = K(\Lambda, d\mu): C^\infty(\Lambda) \rightarrow C_h^\infty(M)$$

Two commutation formulas

$$1) \hat{\mathcal{J}} \mathcal{K} A = \mathcal{K}(H_0|_\Lambda \cdot A) + O(\hbar)$$

H_0 principal symbol of $\hat{\mathcal{J}}$

$$2) H_0|_\Lambda = 0 \quad (\text{for const})$$

$$\hat{\mathcal{J}} \mathcal{K} A = -i\hbar \mathcal{K}(\Pi A) + O(\hbar^2)$$

$$\Pi = V(H_0) + \mathcal{G}$$

\mathcal{G} is connected

\mathcal{K} is Hamiltonian vector field

$f \in C^\infty(M)$ is G -invariant

$$\mathcal{K}_\xi f = 0 \quad \text{for any } \xi \in \mathfrak{g}$$

$$-i\hbar \mathcal{K}_\xi = H_\xi$$

$$H_\xi = \omega^\sharp(\mathcal{K}_\xi) \quad \omega^\sharp = p \cdot dx \text{ on } T^*M$$

$$0 = H_\xi \mathcal{K} A = \mathcal{K}(H_\xi|_\Lambda \cdot A) \neq O(\hbar)$$

$$H_\xi|_\Lambda = 0 \quad \forall \xi \in \mathfrak{g}$$

Moment map $\pi: T^*M \rightarrow \mathfrak{g}^*$

$$\pi(x, p)(\xi) = H_\xi(x, p)$$

$$\Lambda \subset \pi^{-1}(0) \quad \Lambda \text{ is } G\text{-invariant}$$

Weinstein-Marsden Symplectic reduction $\mathcal{G}: T^*M$

$$L = G \backslash \Lambda \subset \mathcal{F} = T^*M // G$$

\mathcal{F} = the set of regular points in $\pi^{-1}(0)$

$$\phi = G \backslash \mathcal{F}$$

$$\hat{H}_\xi \mathcal{K} A = -i\hbar \mathcal{K}(V(H_\xi) A) + O(\hbar^2)$$

A must be G -invariant

A is a function on L